Fused Quartz

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Quality and Service Based on Decades of Fused Quartz Experience



OSRAM SYLVANIA INC., the North American subsidiary of OSRAM GmbH, a Siemens company, manufactures and markets a wide range of engineered materials, parts and components for a broad range of markets including the lighting, aerospace, automotive and computer industries. The Fused Quartz Operation is part of OSRAM SYLVANIA's Precision Materials and Components organization.

Backed by extensive capabilities for research and development, OSRAM SYLVANIA works closely with thousands of customers (including most "Fortune 500" firms) to solve problems and contribute strategically to the development and manufacture of a host of technologically advanced consumer and industrial end products. OSRAM SYLVANIA has been manufacturing fused quartz products for over 25 years and controls quality through every step of the unique, vertically integrated process. OSRAM SYLVANIA tubing has proven to be performance effective for semiconductor and lighting manufacturers worldwide.

OSRAM SYLVANIA's Concentration on Semiconductor and Lamp Applications



Brooklyn Bridge

Semiconductors: The purest materials for the purest technology

OSRAM SYLVANIA's semiconductor grades of fused quartz tubing are recognized by major semiconductor manufacturers throughout the world for their consistent high chemical purity and hightemperature resistance.

Applications commonly include furnace tubes for oxidation and diffusion processes, end caps, transfer carriers, thermocouple tubes, wafer carriers, end plates, baffles, and bell-jars for epitaxial reactors.

OSRAM SYLVANIA offers high purity grades to meet specific wafer processing needs. Grade SG27SC offers lower aluminum and alkali content. Grade SG28SC provides the lowest alkali and highest thermal resistance. Grade SG29SC has both the lowered aluminum and alkali content.

Grades SG25SCH and SG27SCH, heavy wall fused

quartz tubing, are used for the processing of power devices and temperatures to 1250°C.

Wafers 6 inches in diameter and larger are processed in Grades SG25, 27, 28 and 29 SCR resized tubing (available in sizes above 200 mm OD).

Lighting: A focus on the best and the brightest

OSRAM SYLVANIA Grades SG25A and SG25B are widely used in high-temperature arc and filament lamps requiring high purity to minimize devitrification and provide optimum sag resistance. These attributes contribute to the long life of these lamps at high operating temperatures.

Arc Lamp Life Expectancy

Lamp Type	Arc Tube Temp	Expected Life
Mercury Metal Halide	700°C 850°C	24,000 hrs 10,000- 20,000 hrs
Tungsten Halogen	350°C to 750°C	50– 50,000 hrs.

The outgassing of hydrogen from fused quartz tubing reduces lamp life and results in hard starting for arc lamps. OSRAM SYLVANIA fused quartz is vacuum baked to reduce the residual hydrogen content to very low levels.

The amount of residual hydrogen in fused quartz is related to the optical transmission at 2.73 microns, the hydroxyl (OH) absorption wavelength in fused quartz as compared to the transmission at 2.6 microns.

OSRAM SYLVANIA's Grade SG25BZ "ozone free" and ultra-violet absorbing fused quartz contains titanium dioxide as an additive. The UV transmission below 200 nanometers (nm) is eliminated. This prevents the formation of ozone generated when the 185 nm wavelength strikes oxygen. Since ozone is a lung irritant, Grade SG25BZ is used in arc lamps for reproduction machines that are located in confined spaces.

 $\mathbf{B} = \frac{1}{t} \text{ Log } \frac{\mathbf{T}_{2.6}}{\mathbf{T}_{2.73}}$

 β = Beta factor, mm⁻¹ t = Wall thickness, mm T_{2.6} = Transmission at 2.6 Microns T_{2.73} = Transmission at 2.73 Microns ppm (OH) $\approx 1,000 \times \beta$

Harnessing the Power of the Crystal



OSRAM SYLVANIA fused quartz features low levels of metallic contaminants, low water content, and excellent resistance to hightemperature deformation.

Purified quartz crystal is melted in our hightemperature furnaces at 2000°C. Tubing is formed and drawn continuously to outside diameters of over 200 mm. To produce these larger sizes, OSRAM SYLVANIA has designed and built the largest direct-draw quartz melting furnace in the world.

Grades SG25, 27, 28, and 29 SCR are available in sizes from 200 mm to 450 mm diameter. These larger tubing sizes are produced by a resizing process in which rigid dimensional specifications are met to serve the needs of IC manufacturers using the latest wafer technology.

Mining the Quartz Ore



Magnetic Separating

MACHETIC

Acid Treating



OSRAM SYLVANIA Resize

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The Quest for Purity



OSRAM SYLVANIA produces consistently pure fused quartz, starting with an inhouse chemical and firing operation for purifying naturally occurring crystalline quartz.

Flame atomic absorption and inductively-coupled plasma analytical methods are routinely used to insure the quality of the starting, inprocess, and finished quartz materials.

Although the crystalline guartz raw material initially contains 300-600 ppm of elemental contaminants, **OSRAM SYLVANIA's purifica**tion process reduces total elemental contaminants to less than 20 ppm. This is accomplished by a series of steps that include high intensity magnetic separation to remove iron and ironbearing minerals, screening to remove contaminated fractions of the raw materials, a strong acid wash to dissolve non-quartz particles, and high-temperature calcining to

remove residual organic materials that may exist on the surfaces of the individual quartz crystals.

OSRAM SYLVANIA's rigid process controls assure consistency of processing and the quality of the treated quartz. Quality is monitored by a careful sampling and chemical analysis testing of the purified quartz before it is used in the melting and tube forming process.





Tube Drawing In-Process Quality

Tube Washing

recision Temperature Control the Key to Quality

AM SYLVANIA melts the alline quartz in furnaces are designed and built in-house resources. Se furnaces utilize a ue combination of refracmetals and oxides which v melting and forming peratures up to 2000°C. ne high-temperature ing process converts the talline quartz to an amorphous or glassy structure. Since it is a glass, fused quartz does not have a melting point. It does, however, have a softening or flowability property that is called viscosity. A linear relationship exists between the logarithm of viscosity (V) and the reciprocal of the absolute temperature (T) as shown.





The above relationship is useful for evaluating the effect of temperature on the stability of fused quartz. For example, a 10°C temperature increase at 1100°C reduces viscosity and increases the sag rate by about 30%. Temperature sensitivity is important in assessing the performance of fused quartz at high temperatures. The tubing is monitored continuously to maintain dimensional control well within specifications. For semiconductor furnace applications, each tube is identified with a tube number. A tube data sheet placed inside each tube provides the tube number and actual dimensions. This feature provides the fabricator and the end user a traceability feature.

Semiconductor Application

Final Quality Control

Packaging



OSRAM SYLVANIA Quartz Tubing Grow with the Power of Technology

OSRAM SYLVANIA continues to grow in ways that address the specific needs of our semiconductor and lighting customers worldwide:

- Improved dimensional tolerance and enhanced purity to help you better control your processes.
- Statistical process control methods to ensure unrivaled product consistency.
- An expanded regional warehousing network to ensure that OSRAM SYLVANIA quartz tubing is where you want it, when you want it.

OSRAM SYLVANIA is committed to servicing present and future quartz tubing requirements, satisfying growing demands for quality and reliability, and to supporting your developmental efforts.

Call OSRAM SYLVANIA Today

OSRAM SYLVANIA maintains extensive stocks of fused quartz tubing in regional warehouses throughout the world. A phone call or FAX to our Customer Service departments in Exeter, NH will provide availability, delivery, and pricing, as well as any technical assistance that customers may require.

Additional photos, thanks to:

BTU Engineering Corporation W.R. Grace & Co.-Conn. Weiss Scientific Glass Blowing Co. The information and recommendations contained in this publication are based upon data collected by OSRAM SYLVANIA INC, and believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein, and OSRAM SYLVANIA INC, assumes no responsibility for the results of the use of products and processes described herein. No statements or recommendations made herein are to be construed as inducements to infrince any relevant patent, now or hereafter in existence.

Grades • Sizes • Tolerances • Chemical Analysis

Fused Quartz Tubing Grades

	Туре	Grades	Sizes, OD, mm	Type Description
	А	SG25	4- 40	Mercury, tungsten-halogen
Lighting	В	SG25	4- 40	Metal-halide, specialty
	N	SG25	4- 40	High (OH), Unbaked
	BZ	SG26	12- 40	Ozone-free (UV absorbing)
	SC	SG25	4-40	1.0–3.0 Wall
Semiconductor	SC	SG25, SG27	95-216	Direct Draw, 2.5–4.5 Wall
Semiconductor	SCH	SG25, SG27	125–200	Direct Draw, 5.0–6.5 Wall
	SCR	SG25, SG27, SG28, SG29	150-450	Resize, 3.0–7.0 Wall

Dimensional Tolerances (Standard)

Туре	Size Range OD, mm	ID ±	OD ±	Oval Max	Wall ±	Siding Max
A, B, BZ, SC	4- 40	2.5%	_	2%	10%	10%
SC, SCH	95–216		2 mm	1.0%	10%	15%
SCR(*)	150-450		2 mm	0.5%	20%	20%

(*) By Special Request: OD Tolerances to \pm 0.5 mm

ID Tolerances to ± 1.0 mm

Chemical Analyses, PPM (Typical)

	AI	Fe	Na	к	Li	Ca	Mg	Cu	Mn	Cr	В	Zr	Ti
SG25	15	0.3	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.2	<0.2	< 0.1	<0.1	<1.0	1.0	0.9
SG26	15	0.3	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.2	<0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<1.0	<1.0	100.0
SG27	9	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	<0.2	<0.2	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1.0	0.5	1.2
SG28	15	0.3	0.1	0.6	<0.1	0.6	0.2	<0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<1.0	1.0	0.9
SG29	9	0.3	0.1	0.2	<0.1	0.5	<0.2	<0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<1.0	0.5	1.2



OSRAM SYLVANIA Quartz Tubing Tolerances

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ID (mm)	OD (mm)	ID RANGE (mm)	WALL RANGE (mm)	Max. Siding (mm)	Max. Ovality (mm)	Feet Per Pound	KG Per Meter
3.00	5.00	2.92- 3.08	0.90-1.10	0.100	0.10	53.83	0.03
4.00	6.00	3.90- 4.10	0.90-1.10	0.100	0.12	43.06	0.03
5.00	7.00	4.87- 5.13	0.90-1.10	0.100	0.14	35.89	0.04
6.00	8.00	5.85- 6.15	0.90-1.10	0.100	0.16	30.76	0.05
7.00	10.00	6.82- 7.18	1.35-1.65	0.150	0.20	16.89	0.09
8.00	10.00	7.80- 8.20	0.90-1.10	0.100	0.20	23.92	0.06
10.00	12.00	9.75- 10.25	0.90-1.10	0.100	0.23	19.57	0.08
12.00	14.00	11.70- 12.30	0.90-1.10	0.100	0.27	16.56	0.09
15.00	18.00	14.62- 15.38	1.35-1.65	0.150	0.35	8.70	0.17
18.00	20.00	17.55- 18.45	0.90-1.10	0.100	0.39	11.33	0.13
20.00	23.00	19.50- 20.50	1.35-1.65	0.150	0.46	6.67	0.18
22.00	24.50	21.45- 22.55	1.13-1.38	0.125	0.48	7.41	0.20
24.00	26.00	23.40- 24.60	0.90-1.10	0.100	0.51	8.61	0.17
25.00	28.00	24.37- 25.63	1.35-1.65	0.150	0.55	5.42	0.27
26.00	30.00	25.35- 26.65	1.80-2.20	0.200	0.59	3.85	0.39
28.00 30.00 32.00 35.00 37.00	31.00 33.00 35.00 38.00 40.00	27.30- 28.70 29.25- 30.75 31.20- 32.80 34.12- 35.88 36.07- 37.93	1.35-1.65 1.35-1.65 1.35-1.65 1.35-1.65 1.35-1.65 1.35-1.65	0.150 0.150 0.150 0.150 0.150 0.150	0.60 0.64 0.68 0.74 0.78	4.866 4.557 4.285 3.933 3.729	0.31 0.33 0.35 0.38 0.40
						L BS/FT	
101.60 105.00 110.00 115.00 120.00	106.60 110.00 115.00 120.00 125.00	104.60-108.60 108.00-112.00 113.00-117.00 118.00-122.00 123.00-127.00	2.25-2.75 2.25-2.75 2.25-2.75 2.25-2.75 2.25-2.75 2.25-2.75	0.375 0.375 0.375 0.375 0.375 0.375	1.07 1.10 1.15 1.20 1.25	1.21 1.25 1.31 1.36 1.42	1.80 1.86 1.94 2.03 2.11
125.00 130.00 130.00 130.00 130.00 135.00	130.00 142.70 140.00 135.00 147.70	128.00-132.00 140.70-144.70 138.00-142.00 133.00-137.00 145.70-149.70	2.25-2.75 5.71-6.98 4.50-5.50 2.25-2.75 5.71-6.98	0.375 0.952 0.750 0.375 0.952	1.30 1.43 1.40 1.35 1.48	1.48 4.02 3.13 1.54 4.16	2.20 5.98 4.66 2.29 6.20
135.00	145.00	143.00-147.00	4.50-5.50	0.750	1.45	3.25	4.83
135.00	141.00	139.00-143.00	2.70-3.30	0.450	1.41	1.92	2.86
140.00	152.70	150.70-154.70	5.71-6.98	0.952	1.53	4.31	6.42
140.00	150.00	148.00-152.00	4.00-6.00	0.400	1.50	3.36	5.01
145.00	151.00	149.00-153.00	2.70-3.30	0.450	1.51	2.06	3.07
150.00	156.00	154.00-158.00	2.70-3.30	0.450	1.56	2.13	3.17
152.00	164.70	162.70-166.70	5.71-6.98	0.952	1.65	4.67	6.94
160.00	170.00	168.00-172.00	4.50-5.50	0.750	1.70	3.83	5.70
160.00	166.00	164.00-168.00	2.70-3.30	0.450	1.66	2.27	3.38
165.00	171.00	169.00-173.00	2.70-3.30	0.450	1.71	2.34	3.48
170.00 170.00 180.00 180.00 180.00 184.00	182.70 176.00 185.00 190.00 190.00	180.70-184.70 174.00-178.00 183.00-187.00 188.00-192.00 188.00-192.00	5.71-6.98 2.70-3.30 2.25-2.75 4.00-6.00 2.70-3.30	0.952 0.450 0.375 0.750 0.450	1.83 1.76 1.85 1.90 1.90	5.20 2.41 2.12 4.29 2.60	7.73 3.58 3.15 6.39 3.87
184.00	197.00	195.00-199.00	5.20-7.80	0.975	1.97	5.75	8.55
185.00	197.00	195.00-199.00	4.80-7.20	0.900	1.97	5.32	7.91
187.00	194.00	190.00-196.00	3.15-3.85	0.525	1.94	3.09	4.60
190.00	196.00	194.00-198.00	2.70-3.30	0.450	1.96	2.69	4.00
196.00	202.00	200.00-204.00	2.70-3.30	0.450	2.02	2.77	4.12
200.00 200.00 203.00 208.00 215.00	206.00 208.00 211.00 216.00 221.00	204.00-208.00 206.00-210.00 209.00-213.00 214.00-218.00 219.00-223.00	2.40-3.60 3.20-4.80 3.20-4.80 3.20-4.80 2.40-3.60	0.600 0.800 0.800 0.800 0.800 0.600	1.03 1.04 1.06 1.08 1.11	2.83 3.79 3.84 3.93 3.03	4.21 5.63 5.72 5.86 4.52
220.00	230.00	228.00-232.00	$\begin{array}{c} 4.00-6.00\\ 4.00-6.00\\ 4.00-6.00\\ 4.00-6.00\\ 2.40-3.60\end{array}$	1.000	1.15	5.22	7.77
225.00	235.00	233.00-237.00		1.000	1.18	5.34	7.94
230.00	240.00	238.00-242.00		1.000	1.20	5.45	8.11
240.00	250.00	248.00-252.00		1.000	1.25	5.68	8.46
240.00	246.00	244.00-248.00		0.600	1.23	3.38	5.03
250.00	260.00	258.00-262.00	$\begin{array}{r} 4.00-6.00\\ 4.00-6.00\\ 4.00-6.00\\ 3.20-4.80\\ 4.00-6.00\\ 4.00-6.00\\ 4.00-6.00\end{array}$	1.000	1.30	5.92	8.80
270.00	280.00	278.00-282.00		1.000	1.40	6.38	9.49
290.00	300.00	298.00-302.00		1.000	1.50	6.84	10.19
305.00	313.00	311.00-315.00		0.800	1.57	5.74	8.53
320.00	330.00	328.00-332.00		1.000	1.65	7.54	11.22
340.00	350.00	348.00-352.00		1.000	1.75	8.00	11.91

Optical Properties

 For superior discharge lamp performance, the SG25 lighting grades have virtually no hydroxyl content, as shown by the transmission at 2730nm. The maximum hydroxyl contents are 1.0ppm for grades SG25B and SG26BZ, and 5.0ppm for grade SG25A. Hydroxycontaining quartz would show a measurable reduction at 2730nm.

- Grade SG26BZ prevents ozone generation by absorbing the 185nm wave length.
- For germicidal lamps, grades SG25 and SG26 provide excellent transmission at 254nm.
- For fused quartz, the transmission (T2) at other thicknesses is given by: $Ln(T2) = (t_2/t_1)Ln(T1/.92) + Ln(.92)$

Where T1 is the transmission at thickness t1

Index of refraction 1.4585
 Optical dispersion 67.6



Thermodynamic Properties

- Fused quartz has a thermal shock resistance that is superior to that of other glasses and most ceramics. This is due to the very low coefficient of thermal expansion. This property is beneficial to applications where rapid heating and cooling occurs, such as fabrication of quartzware for lighting and semiconductor processes.
- The thermal conductivity and heat capacity of fused quartz are temperature dependent, increasing with temperature.
- To optimize useful life at high temperatures, fused quartz should be cleaned just prior to use. Surface contaminants, especially the alkalis, will cause the surface to devitrify, or recrystallize, to cristobalite.
- Coefficient of thermal expansion, 20°C-320°C 5.5×10⁻⁷ cm/cm-°C
 Thermal conductivity, 25°C .00323 cal/cm-sec-°C
 Specific heat, 0°C-100°C .184 cal/g-°C



Mechanical Properties

- The mechanical properties of fused quartz at low temperatures are similar to that of ordinary glasses.
- Surface flaws such as scuffs and scratches greatly reduce the tensile strength of all glasses, including fused quartz. For this reason, the design tensile strength is usually recommended to be 1000psi. The compressive design strength is 150,000psi.
- Viscosity is a measure of the rate at which a glass will

deform or flow at a given temperature and stress. Fused quartz has the highest viscosity of all glasses. This is important to high temperature lighting and semiconductor uses.

- The annealing range for any glass is defined as the temperature range that has a viscosity range of 10^{14.5} poises (the strain point) to 10^{13.0} poises (the anneal point). For fused quartz, this range typically is 1100°C to 1210°C.
- Density Hardness (KHN₅₀) Modulus of elasticity Modulus of rigidity Poisson's ratio

2.2 g/cc 590. kg/sq.mm 7.2×10¹⁰ Pa 3.1×10¹⁰ Pa .17

Elastic Properties of Fused Quartz with Low Water Content

Т (°С)	Young's modulus (GPa)	Shear modulus (GPa)	Poisson's ratio
25	72.9	31.3	0.165
100	74.0	31.6	0.171
200	75.1	32.0	0.173
400	77.2	32.8	0.177
600	78.7	33.3	0.182
800	80.0	33.7	0.187
1000	81.1	34.0	0.193
1100	(81.4)	(34.1)	(0.194)
1200	(81.5)	(34.1)	(0.195)
1250	(81.4)	(34.0)	(0.197)

Effect of Tube Size on Sag Rate e Size Approximate Time for 1

Tube Size Approximate Time for 10mm OOR* Sag at 1100°C, hrs mm 320×330 32 133 153 190×196 225×235 184×197 575 599 135×141 160×170 680 101.6×106.6 1523

*OOR = Out-of-Round

*Parenthesis indicate possible flow contributions to deformations



Electrical Properties

- Fused quartz has low electrical conductivity, low dielectric loss and a high dielectric strength, making it ideal for electrical insulation uses.



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Permeability, Diffusion

- Fused quartz is impermeable to most gases. Ionic and molecular diffusion rates are very low. However, at high temperatures, certain species travel through fused quartz at appreciable rates.
- In semiconductor processes at elevated temperatures, the diffusion of contaminants from the environment outside the quartz tube is an important consideration.
- In lamps, hydrogen diffusion into the lamp atmosphere can cause disruption of the tungsten-halogen cycle, or hard starting and short life in electric discharge lamps.
- Diffusion coefficients at 1000°C, cm.²/sec, × 10⁶ Helium 55. Hydrogen 7.3 Sodium 7.9 Lithium 1.0

Diffusion Coefficients of Sodium in Vitreous Silica

t,°C	D(cm²/s)	t,°C	D(cm²/s)
1000 900 800 700 600 500	7.9×10 ⁶ 3.8×10 ⁶ 1.6×10 ⁶ 5.7×10 ⁷ 1.3×10 ⁷ 1.9×10 ⁸	400 300 250 200 170	$\begin{array}{c} 1.6 \times 10^9 \\ 5.4 \times 10^{11} \\ 3.5 \times 10^{12} \\ 2.0 \times 10^{13} \\ 2.6 \times 10^{14} \end{array}$

Diffusion Coefficients of Various Ions in Vitreous Silica at 1000°C

lon	D(cm²/s)	
Sodium Lithium Silver Potassium Calcium Aluminum Phosphorus Nickel Arsenic Boron	$7.9 \times 10^{.6}$ $1 \times 10^{.6}$ $7 \times 10^{.7}$ $1 \times 10^{.8}$ $2 \times 10^{.8}$ $1 \times 10^{.13}$ $8 \times 10^{.14}$ $1 \times 10^{.15}$ $1 \times 10^{.16}$ $1 \times 10^{.17}$	

Diffusion Coefficients of Helium in Vitreous Silica as a Function of Temperature

t	D	t	D
(°C)	(10 ⁶ ×cm²/s)	(°C)	(10 ⁶ ×cm²/s)
24 78 112 148 191 284 380	0.024 0.11 0.22 0.37 0.73 2.0 4.8	490 605 700 814 860 1034	9 16 24 36 40 61

Molecular Diffusion in Fused Silica

Molecule	Diameter (A)	Diffusion C (cm) 25°C	Coefficient ^{2/s}) 1000°C	Activation energy Q ¹ (kj/mole)
Helium Neon Hydrogen (deuterium)	2.0 2,4 2,5	2.4×10 ⁻⁸ 5×10 ⁻¹² 2.2×10 ⁻¹¹	5.5×10⁵ 2.5×10⁵ 7.3×10⁵	20 37 36
Argon Oxygen Water Nitrogen Krypton Xenon	3.2 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.2 4.9		1.4×10 ^{.9} 6.6×10 ^{.9} 3×10 ^{.7}	111 105 71 110 190 300

Chemical Properties

 Fused quartz has the highest chemical stability of all the glasses. It does not react with most materials, even at temperatures as high as 1000°C. This is important to both lighting and semiconductor applications where many exotic materials are coming in contact with fused quartz. It is reactive with hydrofluoric acid, phosphoric acid, and sodium compounds such as sodium hydroxide and sodium chloride.

Hydrofluoric Acid Dissolving Rates of Silica Phases @ 20°C

	Silica dise	Los	s After	Loss After		
Silica Phase*	In HF, 5%,1⁄₂h	In HF, 1%, 1h	(°C)	15 Hrs (mg/cm ²)	(°C)	15 Hrs (mg/cm²)
Quartz Tridymite Cristobalite Vitreous Silica	30.1 76.3 74.3 96.6	5.2 20.3 25.8 52.9	0 100 200 300	0.0 0.0 0.0 5.8	400 500 600 700	7.3 7.9 11.3 23.0

*Samples of uniform particle size, ca 40 um in dia

Corrosion of Quartz Glass by Alkalis

Alkalis		Time	Temp	Loss
(Concentration)		(Hr)	(°C)	(mg/cm²)
Ammonium hydroxide	(10%)	100	20	0.019
Sodium hydroxide	(1%)	100	20	0.031
	(10%)	100	20	0.0095
	(5%)	10	100	1.5
Potassium hydroxide	(1%)	100	20	0.019
	(30%)	100	20	0.027
	(10%)	10	100	1.13
Sodium carbonate	(5%)	100	20	0.0015
	(10%)	10	100	0.37

Durability Vitreous Silica at 95°C

Corrosion of Quartz Glass by

Phosphoric Acid

Test	Duration of test,h	Wt Loss,	Depth of Attack
solution		mg/cm²	um
5% HCL 5% NAOH 0.02N Na ₂ CO ₃ 5% H ₂ SO ₄ H ₂ O	24 6 24 24	0.01 0.7 0.02 0.01 0.01	0.05 3.2 0.09 0.05 0.05

Chemical and Metallurgical Products

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Cleaning



1. DI Water



4. Hot DI Water Spray



5. Drip Dry

3. Hot DI Water Rinse



6. Handling

Good cleaning procedures will maximize the life of fused quartz. Clean surfaces will minimize the recrystallization or devitrification of fused quartz caused by non-silica contaminants. A cleaning sequence is shown that is satisfactory for both lighting and semiconductor tubing.

The initial water rinse before the acid wash serves to minimize the preferential etching of any scratches or scuffs.

- The acid wash can be: A. 5% by wt. HF for 2 - 3 minutes;
- or B. 5% by wt. NH₄ F
- for 10 15 minutes.

Other acid strengths and times may be appropriate for special situations.

Rinsing is best accomplished using hot deionized or distilled water.

Drying is best accomplished in a natural manner such as drip drying in a still, clean atmosphere. Methods commonly used to hasten drying such as wiping and/or forced air blowing around the tubes can re-contaminate the surfaces. If compressed air is used, make sure it is both oiland water-free. After drying, the clean tube should be:

- A. handled with gloves or other equipment that is clean;
- B. used in the manufacturing process as soon as possible; or
- C. wrapped in clean polyethylene film for storage.

If these precautions are not taken, the maximum performance of the fused quartz will not be accomplished.



Customer Service and Sales Offices

Customer Service

OSRAM SYLVANIA INC. Portsmouth Avenue Exeter, NH 03833 Telephone: (603) 772-4331 Toll Free: (800) 258-8290 Toll Free: (800) 829-7990 Fax: (603) 772-1072

Sales Offices (USA)

OSRAM SYLVANIA INC. Portsmouth Avenue Exeter, NH 03833 Telephone: (603) 772-4331 Toll Free: (800) 258-8290 Toll Free: (800) 829-7990 Fax: (603) 772-1072

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OSRAM SYLVANIA INC. 355 Woodmen Road East Colorado Springs, CO 80919 Telephone: (719) 528-8433 Fax: (719) 528-8446

International Sales Offices

Belgium

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Brazil

OSRAM SYLVANIA INC. Av. dos Autonomiotas, 4229 06090-901 Osasco, São Paulo Telephone: 11-702-5585 or 704-7599 Fax: 11-701-8996

China

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Chemical and Metallurgical Products

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